

# Waste-to-Energy and the revision of the Waste Framework Directive

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Waste-to-Energy's contribution to

climate protection

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- 1. What is the proposal to classify WtE as recovery?
- 2. What improvements would this proposal promote?
- 3. What is the potential reduction of greenhouse gases WtE can offer?
- 4. Conclusions





## **Proposal: WtE as recovery**



- Municipal Solid Waste is treated by a thermal process in an installation, recovering the energy within the waste,
- replacing fossil fuels which would otherwise have been used by conventional power plants
- and achieving high energy efficiency according to a <u>formula based on 'best available</u> <u>techniques</u>'.



## EWEP Proposal Commission and Council

Treatment of waste in a WtE plant is recovery if:

An existing plant has efficiency factor > 0,6 A new plant (from 2009) has efficiency factor > 0,65

Energy efficiency:

Energy produced – (Energy in added fuel + Energy import)

0,97\* x (Energy in the waste + Energy in added fuel)

Correction factor electricity production: energy efficiency x 2,6
Correction factor heat for commercial use: energy efficiency x 1,1



<sup>\*</sup> factor accounting for energy losses due to bottom ash and radiation





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## Improvements promoted

1. Trigger improvement in energy efficiency of existing less efficient WtE plants.

Impact: more energy produced from waste

- Less greenhouse gas emission
- 2. Facilitate building new efficient WtE plants to treat waste that is currently landfilled Impact: less methane emissions from landfilling + more energy produced from waste
- Less greenhouse gas emission







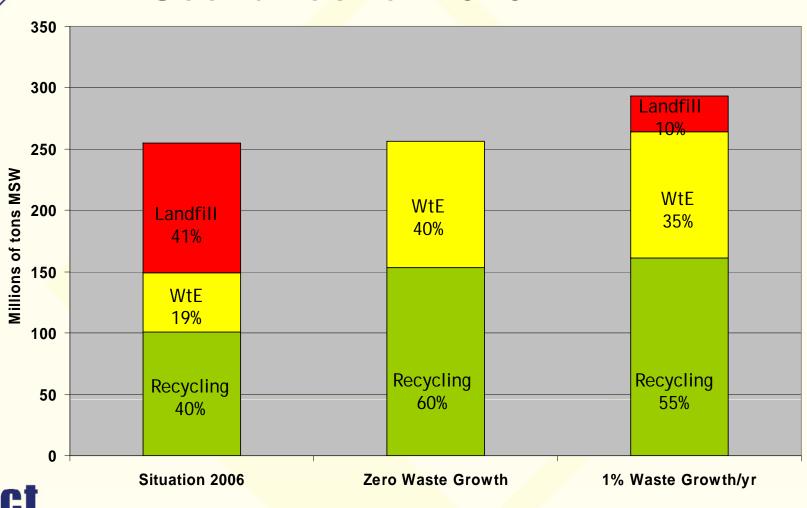
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### Scenarios for 2020



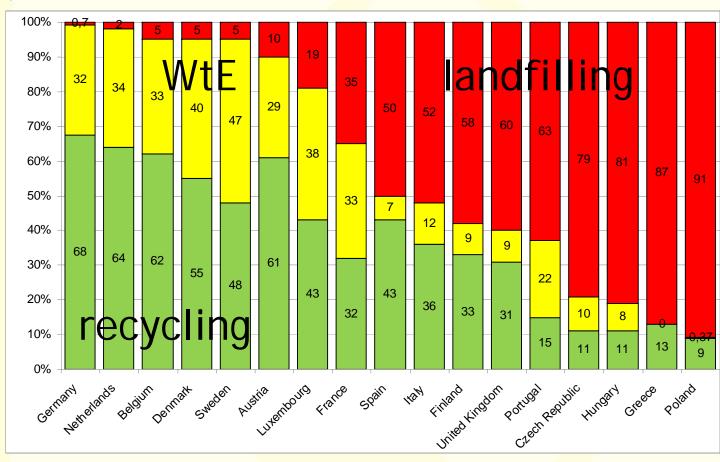


EU 27 – 517kg MSW/ person



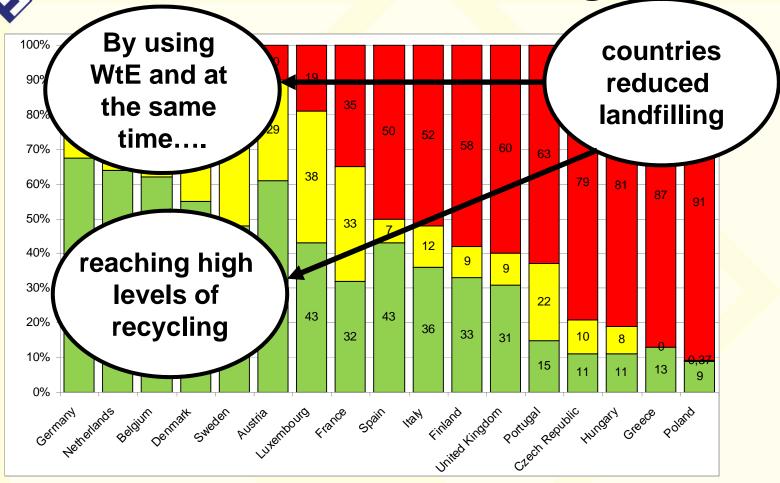


## MSW management EU27 in 2006





Success stories in reducing landfill







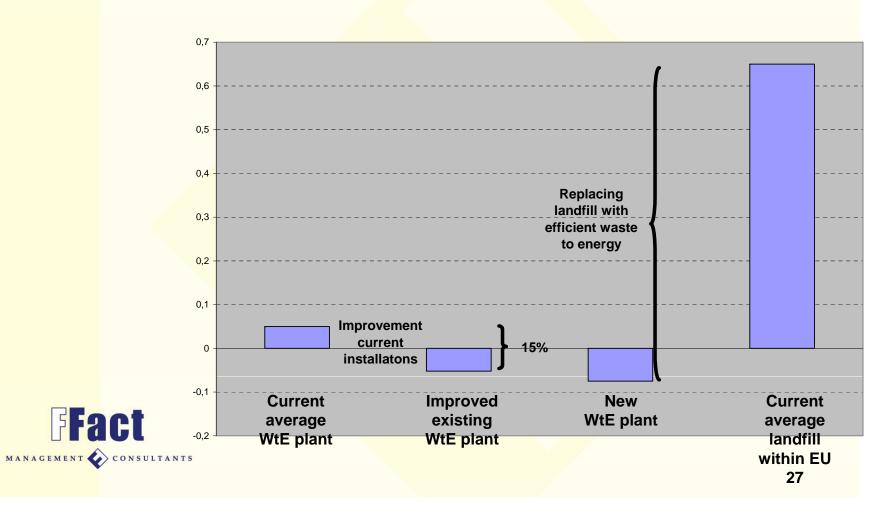


## Source separation and recycling

Constituent of MSW	2020
Composting or digestion of biodegradable waste	45 -50%
Recycling paper and cardboard	70 - <mark>75</mark> %
Recycling glass	70-80%
Recycling plastics	30-35%
Recycling metal	90%
Recycling textile	50%
Recycling other fractions	25 <mark>-30</mark> %
Total	55-60%



# Reduction potential of emission of GHG notes of CO<sub>2</sub> eq per tonne of waste managed





## Potential CO<sub>2</sub> reduction EU27

		_		
	Installation	Million tonnes CO <sub>2 eq</sub> avoided (both scenarios)	Equivalent annual emissions from cars	
	Improving of existing WtE plants	5,8 million tonnes	3 million cars	
	(treating 56,7 million tonnes MSW)			
	New WtE plants (treating 54,8 million tonnes MSW additionally)	39,4 million tonnes	19 million cars	
ac	Total T	45 million tonnes	22 million cars	



## Potential in some Member States

Member State	New WtE plants (million tonnes of MSW capacity added)	Avoided CO <sub>2</sub> emissions (million tonnes)
<b>Fra</b> nce	2,5	1,7
Italy	9,2	6,6
Poland	3,9	2,8
Spain	8,7	5,8
UK	11,0	5,2





## Energy produced through WtE

If the scenarios would become a reality WtE plants could produce by 2020:

- Electricity to cover the needs of 19,4 million European households
- Heat to cover the needs of 25,4 million European households
  - \* Cooling may become more prominent in Southern Europe in the future and WtE is capable of providing the energy for this







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#### **Conclusions**



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- WtE: is an alternative energy source helping to achieve the EU Energy/Climate targets for 2020
- WtE has a significant potential to contribute to CO<sub>2</sub> reduction
- The shift that is needed from landfilling to recycling and WtE will require building new efficient WtE plants.
- The recovery status for WtE will facilitate this.
- The aim to become recovery installations will stimulate existing plants to improve their energy efficiency.



#### Recommendations

- Decision makers on the European level can contribute to climate protection by granting the recovery status to WtE installations based on energy efficiency performance.
- Member States should support the development of more highly efficient WtE capacity alongside ambitious measures for prevention and recycling.

